Two Types of Legal Systems: Criminal & Civil Law

**Criminal Law**

A) Made to do the Following:

1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ public \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2) set out \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ owed to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B) When a criminal case takes place, legal action is brought by the

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ against the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ individual

C) What happens when you break a criminal law?

1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2) monetary \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3) some kind of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (house arrest, probation,

etc.)

D) In the US, we have two types of criminal offenses

1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - a serious crime that carries a penalty of

at least \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or more years in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - lesser crime with a lesser penalty

than a felony

**Civil Law**  
 A) These laws regulate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between individuals and

Groups

B) These cases often result in what we call a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(lawsuit)

C) A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is brought by one party against another   
 (“suing” someone)

D) Complaint usually involves some kind of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or

bodily \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

E) The penalty in a civil action is usually \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Compensation

F) Civil Laws also regulate the following:

1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between two or more parties

3) protecting against \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (irresponsible

behavior)

**Differences Between Criminal and Civil Court Cases**

A) Criminal Case

1) Think \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ vs. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2) defendant is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ until proven \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

by the government

3) that guilt must be proven “beyond a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” through a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B) Civil Case

1) Think \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ vs. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2) Plaintiff is the one who claims to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(aka the one \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the defendant)

3) In this type of case, the plaintiff can win by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

meaning the defendant is “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” or

“\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” responsible for injury

(does not require a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ jury decision)